SANTA ROSA, CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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ORGANIZATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

DESCRIPTION OF DISTRICT

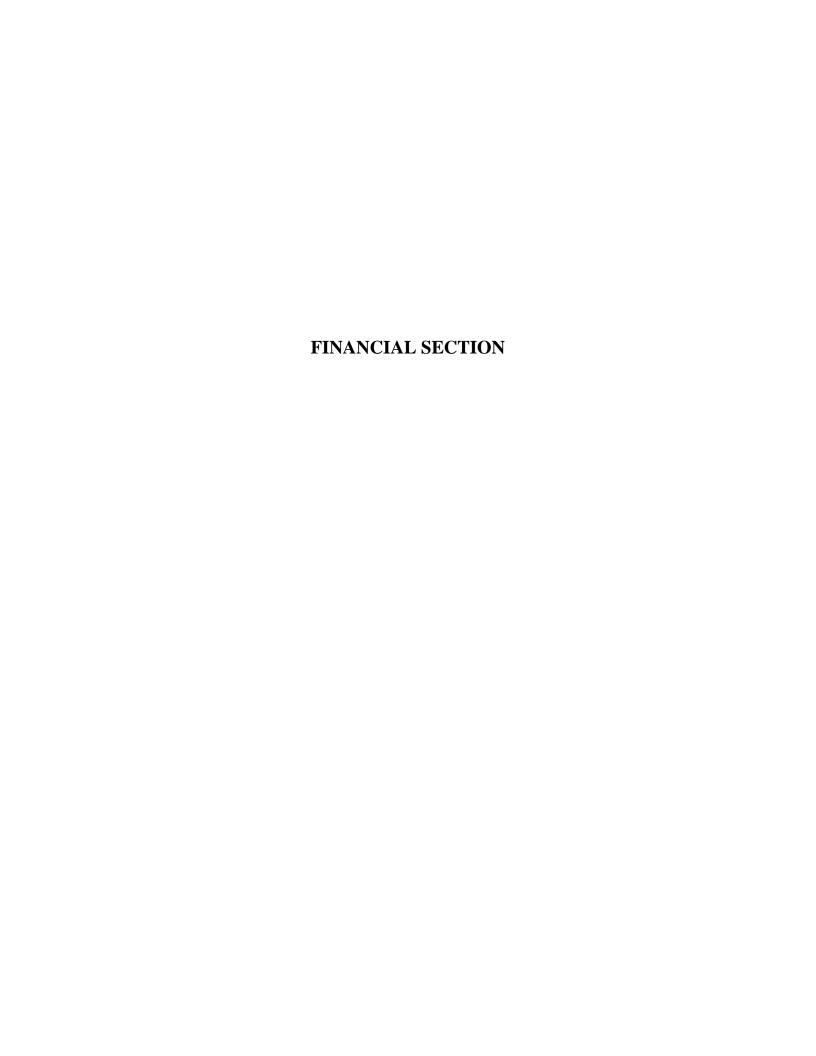
The Sonoma County Junior College District (the District) was established in 1918 with the founding of Santa Rosa Junior College. The District operates a campus in the City of Santa Rosa, a campus in the City of Petaluma, a criminal justice training center in the Town of Windsor, and classes at numerous other locations throughout the District. The District is comprised of an area of approximately 1,600 square miles. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Name	Office	Term Expires
Don Edgar	President	2016
Maggie Fishman	Vice President	2018
Dorothy Battenfeld	Clerk	2018
Jordan Burns	Member	2018
W. Terry Lindley	Member	2016
Richard W. Call	Member	2016
Jeff Kunde	Member	2018
Sabrina Rawson	Student Member	2017

ADMINISTRATION

Dr. Frank Chong	
Mary Kay Rudolph	Senior Vice President of Academic Affairs/Assistant Superintendent
Doug Roberts Senior Vice Pre	sident of Finance & Administrative Services/Assistant Superintendent
Karen C. Furukawa-Schlereth	
Martin Lee	Interim Vice President of Student Services/Assistant Superintendent
Jane Saldaña-Talley	Vice President, Petaluma Campus





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Trustees Sonoma County Junior College District Santa Rosa, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sonoma County Junior College District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Contracted District Audit Manual*, issued by the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Members of the Board of Trustees Sonoma County Junior College District Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sonoma County Junior College District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Postemployment Benefits, the Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedules of the District's Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information Section, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis, and is required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and the *Contracted District Audit Manual*, issued by the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

This supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Members of the Board of Trustees Sonoma County Junior College District Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

GILBERT ASSOCIATES, INC.

Millert associates, en.

Sacramento, California

November 22, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Introduction

The following discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial position and activities of the Sonoma County Junior College District for the year ended June 30, 2016. This discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes which follow this section.

The Sonoma County Junior College District, familiarly called Santa Rosa Junior College (SRJC), is a public two-year community college, which serves approximately 33,100 students. The District has two campuses, located in Santa Rosa and Petaluma, California, and two centers, a Public Safety Training Center located in Windsor, California, and the Robert Shone Agricultural Center located in Forestville, California. Students may choose from associate degree majors and certificate programs, complete courses toward the first two years of a bachelor's degree program, or pursue courses for other professional or personal reasons.

Reporting Highlights

- ❖ The District was required to implement the reporting standards of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 34 and 35 during the fiscal year 2002/03. The California Community College Chancellor's Office, through its Fiscal Standards and Accountability Committee, recommended that all community college districts implement the new reporting standards under the Business Type Activity (BTA) model. To comply with the recommendation of the Chancellor's Office and to report in a manner consistent with other California Community College Districts, the District has adopted the BTA reporting model for these financial statements. Under the BTA model of financial reporting, a single entity-wide statement is required to report financial activity for all funds of the District.
- ❖ The annual report consists of three basic financial statements that provide information on SRJC as a whole: the Balance Sheet; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows. The information provided on the statements that follow includes all funds and the Bookstore, but excludes the fiduciary funds that are reported separately. The following information is provided to assist with the understanding of the financial statements and the financial position of the District. Each statement is presented in a consolidated format and will be discussed separately.
- ❖ Per GASB, the financial statements of the Sonoma County Junior College Foundation are also included under this cover as a discretely presented component unit as well as presented under separate cover in greater detail.
- The District maintains fiduciary funds to account for assets held by the District as an agent on behalf of others. The District's fiduciary funds are the Student Representation Fee, Student Center Fee, and Associated Students, which are reported as agency funds.
- ❖ In 2014/15, the District implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 (collectively, the Statements). The primary objective of the Statements is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state

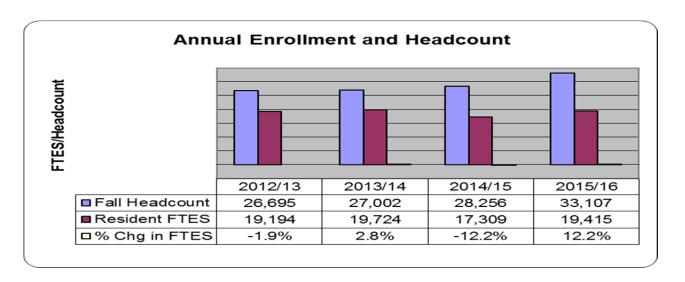
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

and local governments for pensions by establishing standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures. It requires employers to account for a net pension liability for the difference between the present value of projected pension benefits for previous service and restricted resources held in trust for the payment of benefits. The Statements prescribe the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. As a result of these pronouncements, the District recognized a long term net pension liability for \$100.6 million, and \$12.9 million for deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, \$9.8 million for deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, as well as an additional \$2.9 million in pension expense beyond what was paid in 2015/16. Additional information can be found in the footnotes.

Attendance and Financial Highlights

- ❖ Between 2009/10 and 2011/12, as a result of the economic crisis, the State imposed a series of workload reductions on the community college system by reducing the number of FTES that they would fund by roughly 12% and the District responded by reducing course offerings. With the passage of Proposition 30 in 2012/13, the District was spared any additional workload reduction. However, due to the uncertainty of the proposition's passage at the time of enrollment planning, the District conservatively reduced course offerings in the event that Prop 30 failed. As a result, the District experienced a further FTES reduction of nearly 2% in 2012/13. For 2013/14, the District's budget planned an 8% increase in course offerings to restore FTES and capture State restoration/growth funds. Unfortunately the District fell short of its FTES goals and was forced to include 1,100 FTES from Summer 2014 in 2013/14 to ensure it captured all available growth funds. In 2014/15, the District increased its course offerings by 2% in an effort to reestablish FTES but failed to do so, instead declining slightly from 2013/14. In 2015/16, the District increased class offerings by a strategic additional 1% in another effort to reverse this trend but enrollments served decreased by 100 FTES over prior year.
- ❖ The resident FTES in the chart below are distorted because of the 1,100 FTES transferred from 2014/15 to 2013/14 and again from 2016/17 to 2015/16. The true residents FTES served was approximately 18,500 in 2013/14, 18,400 in 2014/15, and 18,300 in 2015/16.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016



Notes:

- 1) FTES = full-time equated students; 1 FTES = 525 student contact lecture hours.
 - ❖ In 2015/16, during the fourteenth year of the \$251.7 million Measure A General Obligation Bond program, with the major construction completed, the District completed numerous maintenance projects and technology and equipment purchases. The District issued the 2002 General Obligation Bonds, Series A, in the amount of \$60 million on February 4, 2003 and the 2002 General Obligation Bonds, Series B, in the amount of \$105 million on October 13, 2005. The 2002 General Obligation Bonds, Series C in the amount of \$69.71 million were issued on September 17, 2007, and the 2002 General Obligation Bonds, Series D in the amount of \$16.99 million were issued on April 2, 2008. The Series D bond issue is being invested in tax free municipals to address longer term technology needs of the District.
 - ❖ The District's cash is invested in the Sonoma County Pooled Investment Fund, administered by the County Treasurer. The interest rate (after fees) for the quarter ending June 30, 2016, was 0.865% compared to 0.549% for the June 30, 2015 quarter.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Financial Aid and Doyle Scholarships

For the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the following sources of student financial aid were disbursed:

	2016	2015	Change	% Change
Federal	\$ 15,668,259	\$ 17,849,512	\$ (2,181,253)	-12.22%
State	1,407,994	1,038,166	369,829	35.62%
Local	116,997	145,309	(28,312)	-19.48%
Scholarships	631,704	387,496	244,208	63.02%
TOTAL	\$ 17,824,954	\$ 19,420,482	\$ (1,595,528)	-8.22%

The Federal financial aid includes the Pell, SEOG, Federal Family Education Loans, National Service Trust, and Federal Work Study Programs. The State programs include EOPS Grants and the Cal Grant Program. The Doyle scholarship funds are derived from the Frank P. Doyle and Polly O'Meara Doyle Trust. Just over fifty percent of the annual dividends generated from the common stock in Exchange Bank are distributed to the Doyle Trust, which then distributes the funds to SRJC for scholarships to assist students attending Santa Rosa Junior College. In 2015/16, there were 1,558 scholarships awarded for \$1,000 each.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Balance Sheet

The Balance Sheet includes all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private sector organizations. Net Position – the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources – is an indicator of the financial health of a District.

	2016	2015	Change
ASSETS			
Current assets	\$ 56,526,049	\$ 50,963,509	\$ 5,562,540
Non-current assets	336,321,498	344,809,561	(8,488,063)
TOTAL ASSETS	392,847,547	395,773,070	(2,925,523)
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	27,053,442	22,162,835	4,890,607
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 419,900,989	\$ 417,935,905	\$ 1,965,084
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities	\$ 29,946,704	\$ 27,419,817	\$ 2,526,887
Non-current liabilities	289,133,708	277,497,734	11,635,974
TOTAL LIABILITIES	319,080,412	304,917,551	14,162,861
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	9,774,004	22,962,236	(13,188,232)
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	142,343,712	144,530,683	(2,186,971)
Restricted	35,599,797	35,864,736	(264,939)
Unrestricted	(86,896,936)	(90,339,301)	3,442,365
TOTAL NET POSITION	91,046,573	90,056,118	990,455
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$ 419,900,989	\$ 417,935,905	\$ 15,153,316

Current assets at June 30, 2016 consist of:

- ❖ Current cash and cash equivalents, mainly held at the county treasury, total \$37.9 million.
- Restricted cash and cash equivalents which include cash in the Bond Fund (\$48 thousand) and General Obligation debt service fund held for current repayments of the bonds (\$8.6 million).
- ❖ Accounts receivables which include amounts due from grants, contracts, and general apportionment earned, but not received, by year-end. Accounts receivable increased \$3.2 million over prior year, due mainly to the timing in payments from the state.
- ❖ Inventory which consists primarily of Bookstore inventory of approximately \$615 thousand.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Non-current assets consist of:

- Restricted cash and cash equivalents which consist of tax revenues collected by the county for payment of Measure A, General Obligation Bonds principal and interest in future years.
- Restricted investments which are funds from the General Obligation Bond, Series D issue that are invested with Public Trust Advisors.
- ❖ Capital assets which are reported at historical cost of land, buildings, and equipment less accumulated depreciation, where applicable. The footnotes to the financial statements contain detailed information for capital assets.

Current liabilities consist of:

- ❖ Accounts payable which consist mainly of amounts due to vendors (\$5.4 million) and employees (\$2.1 million). Accounts payable increased by \$2.1 million over prior year, mostly due to a change in the timing of payments to vendors and increased spending of remaining Measure A funds.
- ❖ Unearned revenue related to federal, state and local program funding that had been received but not yet earned as of the end of the fiscal year. Most grant funds are earned when expended (up to the grant amount awarded). Also included are deferred student fees for the Summer and Fall 2016 semesters (\$724 thousand).

Non-current liabilities are:

❖ Liabilities and/or debt to be paid in one year or later. The major component of the non-current portion are long-term debt (\$183 million) and the net pension liability adjustment required by GASB 68 (\$100.6 million). Detailed information regarding the District's long-term debt can be found in the footnotes to the financial statements

Analysis of the District's Financial Position

Net Position is the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of liabilities, and is an indicator of the District's financial position. Net Position is reported in three components: Net Investment in Capital Assets, Restricted and Unrestricted. Net Investment in Capital Assets (\$142.3 million) consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, less outstanding capital debt net of unspent proceeds. The Restricted portion includes amounts legally restricted for payment of debt service (\$27.4 million), capital projects (\$7.86 million) or other special purposes (\$0.3 million). The Unrestricted portion (-\$86.9 million) represents resources with no external restrictions, but which may be designated by the Board of Trustees for contingencies and other special purposes. The unrestricted portion prior to the GASB 68 adjustment was \$13.7 million or 7.1% of the Total Position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents the operating finances of the District, as well as the non-operating revenues and expenses. State general apportionment funds, while budgeted for operations, are considered non-operating revenues according to generally accepted accounting principles. As discussed, there was an adjustment to the beginning net position in 2014/15 for changes to pension liabilities resulting from the implementation of GASBs 68 and 71.

	2016	2015	Change
Total operating revenues Total operating expenses	\$ 68,679,594 185,107,602	\$ 61,963,433 168,876,859	\$ 6,716,161 16,230,743
Operating income (loss)	(116,428,008)	(106,913,426)	(9,514,582)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	102,764,778	84,801,395	17,963,383
Income before other revenues, expenses, gains or losses	(13,663,230)	(22,112,031)	8,448,801
Capital revenues	14,653,685	14,027,502	626,183
Increase in net assets Net Assets - Beginning of year Cumulative Change in Accounting Prinicple	990,455 90,056,118 	(8,084,529) 195,076,113 (96,935,466)	9,074,984 (105,019,995) 96,935,466
Net Assets - End of year	\$ 91,046,573	\$ 90,056,118	\$ 990,455

Changes in operating revenues:

- Net tuition and fees increased to \$15.6 million. Enrollment fees are set by the state legislature for all community colleges, which was \$46 a unit in 2015/16.
- ❖ Auxiliary enterprise sales and charges are primarily Bookstore sales (\$5.1 million) and Farm sales (\$941 thousand). Bookstore sales decreased by \$380 thousand from prior year, while Farm sales decreased by \$160 thousand.

Changes in non-operating revenues:

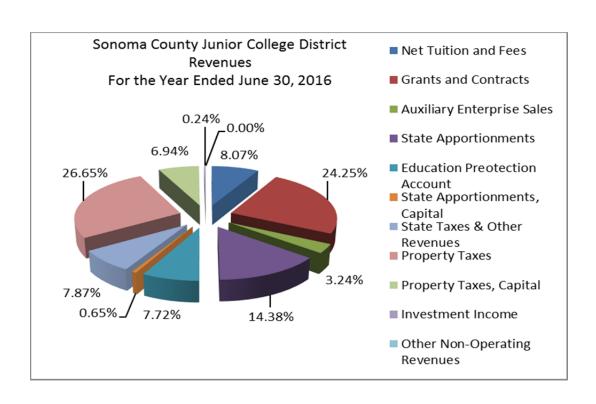
- ❖ State apportionment represents total state general revenue earned less property taxes and enrollment fees. State apportionments, non-capital, represent \$27.8 million of the non-operating revenues, the Education Protection Account is \$14.9 million and property taxes are \$51.5 million. State apportionment increased by \$3.0 million from prior year and property tax revenue increased by \$5.76 million and Education Protection Act decreased by \$1.75 million.
- ❖ Investment income non-capital includes a gain of \$166 thousand for adjusting the cash and investments to fair market value as required by GASB 31.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

***** Revenues

For the Year Ended June 3	30,	, 2016
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Net Tuition and Fees	\$	15,583,713
Grants and Contracts		46,841,510
Auxiliary Enterprise Sales		6,254,371
State Apportionments		27,763,897
Education Preotection Account		14,916,448
State Apportionments, Capital		1,254,751
State Taxes & Other Revenues		15,199,041
Property Taxes		51,462,391
Property Taxes, Capital		13,398,934
Investment Income		456,519
Other Non-Operating Revenues	_	1,684
Total Revenues	<u>\$</u>	193,133,259

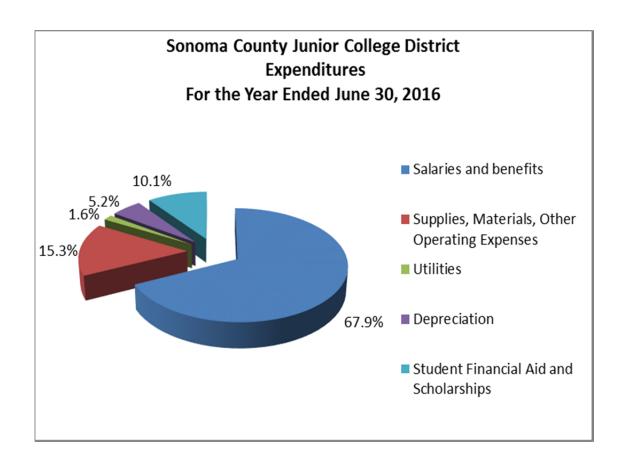


MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Operating Expenses (by natural classification)

For the Y	ear Ended	June 30	, 2016
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Salaries	\$	92,534,641
Employee Benefits		33,197,012
Supplies and Materials		9,225,290
Other Operating Expenses and Services		19,039,296
Utilities		2,884,470
Depreciation		9,590,626
Student Financial Aid and Scholarships	_	18,636,267
Total Operating Expenses	\$	185,107,602

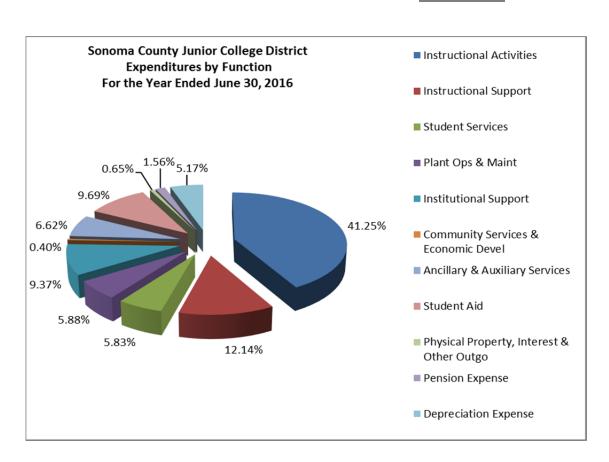


MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Operating Expenses (by function)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Instructional Activities	\$ 76,360,664
Instructional Support	22,465,755
Student Services	10,790,128
Plant Ops & Maint	10,876,845
Institutional Support	17,353,300
Community Services & Economic Devel	737,511
Ancillary & Auxiliary Services	12,259,373
Student Aid	17,935,525
Physical Property, Interest & Other Outgo	1,198,568
Pension Expense	2,878,747
Depreciation Expense	9,570,914
Bond Costs	 2,680,272
Total	\$ 185,107,602



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about cash receipts and cash payments during the fiscal year. This statement also helps interested parties assess the District's ability to generate net cash flows, its ability to meet its obligations as they come due, and the need for external financing.

	For the Years I	Ended June 30	
	2016 2015		Change
Net Cash provided (Used) By:			
Operating activities	\$ (102,957,886)	\$ (93,843,541)	\$ (9,114,345)
Non-capital financing activities	105,783,695	101,569,142	4,214,553
Capital and related financing activities	(2,710,547)	4,305,139	(7,015,686)
Investment activities	165,568	231,626	(66,058)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	280,830	12,262,366	(11,981,536)
Cash - Beginning of the fiscal year	65,722,546	53,460,180	12,262,366
Cash - End of the fiscal year	\$ 66,003,376	\$ 65,722,546	\$ 280,830

- ❖ Net cash used for operating activities increased by \$9.1 million from the prior year. This change was largely due to changes in payments to suppliers and employees and a decrease in federal financial aid revenues.
- ❖ Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities are from state apportionments and property taxes. Cash received from state apportionments and receipts increased by \$2.8 million over prior year due to increased apportionments. Cash received from property taxes (non-capital) increased \$5.7 million over prior year as home prices continue to rebound in the county.
- ❖ Capital and related financing activities include cash provided from local property taxes collected for debt service, state apportionment for capital purposes and interest on capital investments. Cash outflows relate to purchases of capital assets and principal and interest payments on capital debt. Cash inflows were comprised of property taxes (\$13.4 million), and interest in capital investments (\$5 million). Cash outflows were comprised of changes in principal (\$5.97 million) and interest (\$8.0 million) paid on long term debt and construction or acquisition of capital assets (\$8 million).

Capital Assets

The District had additions of \$8.0 million in capital assets for the year, of which \$5.2 million were for construction costs and land improvements and \$50 thousand was for land. There are no major projects remaining in Measure A. Measure H was passed by the voters in November, 2014 and the District is currently finalizing a Facilities Master Plan to guide the planning and expenditures of those bonds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Long-Term Debt

The District's long-term debt balance of \$289.1 million is comprised of: bonds payable (\$183 million), net pension liability required by GASB 68 (\$100.6 million) and post-employment health benefits (\$5.6 million). Additional information regarding the District's long-term debt can be found in the footnotes to the financial statements.

District's Fiduciary Responsibility

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain amounts held on behalf of students, clubs and donors for student loans and scholarships. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because we cannot use these assets to finance operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Economic Factors That May Affect the Future

- ❖ As noted earlier in this report, student attendance is decreasing and the District needs to find ways to turn that around or there will be a large decrease to funding in 2017/18.
- ❖ Addressing the structural deficit was identified as a recommendation in the 2015 ACCJC accreditation reaffirmation report which stated that the District needs to "develop and implement a plan to assure ongoing financial stability and a contingency plan to meet financial emergencies and unforeseen occurrences". The District is currently creating this plan to be submitted to the ACCJC in March, 2016.
- ❖ The State's primary employee pension providers, CalPERS and CalSTRS, are greatly underfunded. From 2013/14 to 2020/21, the employer contribution for CalSTRS will increase from 8.25% to 19.10%. The increase for the CalPERS program will be almost as dramatic as those for CalSTRS. CalPERS employer contributions will see an increase in that same time period from 11.442% to 20.4%.
- ❖ As outlined in the District's Strategic Plan, one of the District's goals is to diversify its revenues. To meet this goal, the District has increased its grant applications and is increasing the District's non-resident/international student population. Grant funds cannot directly provide funding to the District's Unrestricted General Fund, but some offer indirect help. To increase the non-resident/international student population, which does provide additional operational funding, the District has focused on greater outreach and student support. The increased efforts resulted in a revenue increase of \$645 thousand from 2013/14 to 2015/16.
- ❖ On November 4, 2014, voters within the District's boundaries approved Measure H, a \$410 million General Obligation bond. As dramatically as the \$251.7 million from the 2002 Measure A bonds have transformed the District, the Measure H bonds will continue and expand that transformation. Although such bond funding cannot be used to help the District's General Fund, what the bond can afford in newer, larger classrooms, updated infrastructure and technology will have benefits that should reduce some of the District's operational costs in the area of utilities, maintenance and repair. The District will sell the first series of Measure H for \$125 million in December, 2016.

BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

	Primary	
	Institution	Foundation
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 37,885,984	\$ 5,463,127
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,645,514	
Cash with Trustee	694,728	
Accounts Receivable	8,460,678	1,119,841
Pledges Receivable		46,050
Inventory	664,376	140 102
Prepaid Expenses	174,769	149,103
Total Current Assets	56,526,049	6,778,121
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	18,777,150	
Restricted Investments	2,970,000	38,401,123
Endowment Fund		931,566
Pledges Receivable		159,161
Charitable Remainder Trust Investments	12 094 072	2,117,068
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	13,084,973 301,489,375	
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net Total Noncurrent Assets	336,321,498	41,608,918
Total Assets Total Assets	392,847,547	48,387,039
Total Assets	392,047,347	40,307,039
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred Charge on Refunding	14,195,505	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	12,857,937	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	27,053,442	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 419,900,989	\$ 48,387,039
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 8,039,480	\$ 130,600
Unearned Revenue	8,127,659	204,876
Interest Payable	3,290,275	
Liabilities Under Charitable Remainder Trusts		16,612
Amounts Held on Behalf of Others	1,013,445	1,105,774
Compensated Absences Payable	3,045,845	
Long-Term Liabilities Due Within One Year:	6,430,000	
Total Current Liabilities	29,946,704	1,457,862
Noncurrent Liabilities:	5 605 502	
Postemployment Benefits	5,605,793	
Net Pension Liability Liabilities Under Charitable Remainder Trusts	100,556,812	102,512
Bonds Payable	182,971,103	102,312
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	289,133,708	102,512
Total Liabilities	319,080,412	1,560,374
Total Elabilities	317,000,412	1,500,574
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	9,774,004	
NET POSITION:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	142,343,712	
Restricted for:		
Expendable:		
Capital Projects	7,858,175	
Debt Service	27,416,077	
Other Special Purposes	325,545	46 275 110
Restricted by Donors	(86,896,936)	46,275,110
Unrestricted (Deficit) TOTAL NET POSITION	91,046,573	551,555 46,826,665
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$ 419,900,989	\$ 48,387,039

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Primary Institution	Foundation
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Tuition and Fees (gross)	\$ 24,970,069	
Less: Scholarship Discounts and Allowances	(9,386,356)	
Net Tuition and Fees	15,583,713	
Grants, Contracts, and Donations, Noncapital:		
Federal	19,033,513	
State	22,859,738	
Local	4,948,259	
Contributions		\$ 5,080,894
Other		(31,345)
Auxiliary Enterprise Sales and Charges	6,254,371	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	68,679,594	5,049,549
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Academic Salaries	56,301,438	
Classified Salaries	36,233,203	
Employee Benefits	33,197,012	
Supplies and Materials	9,225,290	
Other Operating Expenses and Services	19,039,296	685,685
Utilities	2,884,470	
Depreciation	9,590,626	
Student Financial Aid and Scholarships	18,636,267	2,355,072
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	185,107,602	3,040,757
OPERATING GAIN (LOSS)	(116,428,008)	2,008,792
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
State Apportionments, Noncapital	27,763,897	
Education Protection Account	14,916,448	
Local Property Taxes	51,462,391	
State Taxes and Other Revenues	15,199,041	
Investment Income (Loss) - Noncapital	165,568	(1,514,378)
Investment Income - Capital	290,951	
Interest Expense on Capital Asset-Related Debt	(7,035,202)	
Other Non-Operating Income (Expenses), Net	1,684	
Other Non-Operating Transfers		(888,006)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	102,764,778	(2,402,384)
GAIN (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL REVENUES:	(13,663,230)	(393,592)
State Apportionments, Capital	1,254,751	` ' '
Local Property Taxes and Revenues, Capital	13,398,934	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	990,455	(393,592)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	90,056,118	47,220,257
NET POSITION END OF YEAR	\$ 91,046,573	\$ 46,826,665

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Primary Institution	Foundation
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Tuition and Fees	\$ 15,532,353	
Federal Grants and Contracts	18,802,891	
State Grants and Contracts	23,518,949	
Local Grants and Contracts	5,401,881	
Contributions		\$ 4,396,268
Payments to Suppliers	(28,945,227)	
Payments to/on behalf of Employees	(125,040,051)	
Payments to/on behalf of Students	(18,835,287)	(2,355,072)
Auxiliary Enterprise Sales and Charges	6,446,021	
Other Receipts and Payments	160,584	26,011
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(102,957,886)	2,067,207
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
State Apportionments and Receipts	54,282,286	
Property Taxes	51,462,391	
Student Organization Agency Disbursements	39,018	
Interest on Noncapital Investments		980,504
Other Transfers		(888,006)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	105,783,695	92,498
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
State Apportionments for Capital Purposes	916,329	
Purchases of Capital Assets	(8,048,847)	
Proceeds from Sales of Capital Assets	13,218	
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	(5,970,000)	
Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(8,045,066)	
Purchases of Capital Investments	(4,816,203)	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Investments	9,550,137	
Interest on Capital Investments	290,951	
Local Property Taxes and Other Revenues for Capital Purposes	13,398,934	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing		
Activities	(2,710,547)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchases of Investments		(18,221,596)
Sales and Maturities of Investments		17,619,821
Gain on Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	165,568	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	165,568	(601,775)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS	280,830	1,557,930
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS BEGINNING OF YEAR	65,722,546	3,905,197
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS END OF YEAR	\$ 66,003,376	\$ 5,463,127

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Primary Institution	F	oundation
Reconciliation to Balance Sheet:				
Cash and Equivalents	\$	37,885,984	\$	5,463,127
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents - Current	_	8,645,514	,	-,,
Cash with Trustee		694,728		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents - Noncurrent	_	18,777,150		
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	66,003,376	\$	5,463,127
RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING GAIN (LOSS) TO				
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	4	(11 5 120 000)	Φ.	• • • • • • • • •
Operating Gain (Loss)	\$	(116,428,008)	\$	2,008,792
Donated Investments				(82,197)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Gain (Loss) to Net Cash				
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		0.500.626		
Depreciation Expense		9,590,626		
Changes in: Accounts Receivable		(274.060)		(570,262)
Pledges Receivable		(374,069)		(570,262) (174,738)
Inventories, Prepaids, and Other Assets		07 692		961,482
Endowment Fund		97,683		71,662
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		(5,910,643)		71,002
Accounts Payable		2,151,973		(9,531)
Unearned Revenue		1,066,949		(38,191)
Compensated Absences		111,925		(36,191)
Postemployment Benefits		433,426		
Net Pension Liability		19,490,484		
Liabilities Under Charitable Remainder Trusts		17,470,404		(110,870)
Amounts Held on Behalf of Others				11,060
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	_	(13,188,232)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(102,957,886)	\$	2,067,207
NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding	\$	1,020,036		
Amortization of Premium on Long-Term Debt	_	(1,857,936)		
Net Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities	\$	(837,900)	\$	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Agency Funds			
ASSETS:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	650,149		
Accounts Receivable		14,257		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	664,406		
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	\$	36,714		
Due to District		4,139		
Amounts Held in Trust for Others		623,553		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	664,406		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1. ORGANIZATION AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Sonoma County Junior College District (the District) was established in 1918 with the founding of Santa Rosa Junior College. The District operates a campus in the City of Santa Rosa, a campus in the City of Petaluma, a criminal justice training center in the Town of Windsor, and classes at numerous other locations throughout the District.

The District has reviewed criteria to determine whether other entities with activities that benefit the District should be included within its financial reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 as amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and 61. The District, based on its evaluation of these criteria, identified the Santa Rosa Junior College Foundation (the Foundation) as a component unit.

Discretely Presented Component Unit – The Foundation was established as a legally separate non-profit entity to support the District and its students through fundraising activities. In addition, the Foundation develops and maintains student scholarships and trust accounts for the District students. Furthermore, the funds contributed by the Foundation to the District and its students are significant to the District's financial statements. Therefore, the District has classified the Foundation as a component unit that will be discretely presented in the District's annual financial statements. The Foundation also issues complete audited financial statements that may be obtained from the District or the Foundation.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation – The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units*, issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

Basis of Accounting – For financial reporting purposes, the District is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the District's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when an obligation has been incurred. All significant interfund transactions have been eliminated.

The budgetary and financial accounts of the District are recorded and maintained in accordance with the Chancellor's Office of the California Community Colleges' Budget and Accounting Manual, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

In addition to the District's business-type activities, the District maintains fiduciary funds. These funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus. The District reports the following fiduciary funds:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Agency Funds – These funds include the Associated Students, Student Center Fee, and the Student Representation Fee Fund. The amounts reported for the Associated Students Fund represent the combined totals of all accounts for the various student body clubs and activities within the District. Individual totals, by club, are maintained within the Associated Student's accounting system. The Student Center Fee Fund accounts for an annual building and operating fee for the purpose of financing, constructing, enlarging, remodeling, refurbishing, and operating a student body center. The Student Representation Fee Fund accounts for the student representation fee assessment, which is used by students for legislative advocacy.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting – By state law, the District's governing board must approve a tentative budget no later than July 1st and adopt a final budget no later than September 15th of each year. A hearing must be conducted for public comments prior to adoption.

The budget is revised during the year to incorporate categorical funds which are awarded during the year and miscellaneous changes to the spending plans. Revisions to the budget are approved by the District's governing board.

Estimates Used in Financial Reporting – In preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Current Year GASB Implementation – For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 72 (GASB 72), *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The primary objective of GASB 72 is to provide guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. There was no material impact on the District's financial statements as a result of the implementation of Statement No. 72. All required disclosures were added to Note 3.

Cash and Cash Equivalents – For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents. Funds invested in the county treasurer's investment pool are considered cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments – Cash, cash equivalents, and investments that are externally restricted per contractual obligations are classified as current or non-current assets in the balance sheet based on anticipated use.

Investments – Investments are reported at fair value based on open market quotes for debt and equity securities. Unrealized gains and losses are recorded on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Accounts Receivable – Accounts receivable consist of amounts due from federal, state and local governments, or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenses based on a contract or agreement between the District and the funding source. Additionally, accounts receivable consist of tuition and fee charges to students.

Inventory – Inventories consist principally of textbooks and are stated at the cost method (first-in, first-out method) or at market.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Capital Assets – Capital assets are those assets purchased or acquired with a minimum original cost of \$20,000 for Buildings and Improvement of Sites, and \$5,000 for all other capital assets. These assets are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Years
Improvement of Sites	20
Buildings	50
Vehicles	8
Restricted Programs - Machinery	5-15
Machinery and Equipment	5-15

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is included as part of the capitalizable value of the assets constructed. The amount of interest capitalized depends on the specific circumstances. Interest costs of \$105,019 were capitalized for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources – In addition to assets, the balance sheet reports separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Conversely, deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The District's deferred charge on refunding, resulting from the difference in the carrying value and reacquisition price of the refunded debt, is reported as a deferred outflow of resources and is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or refunding bond.

Contributions made to the District's pension plans after the measurement date but before the fiscal year end are recorded as a deferred outflow of resources and will reduce the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. Additional factors involved in the calculation of the District's pension expense and net pension liability include the differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, differences between projected and actual investment earnings, changes in proportion, and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions. These factors are recorded as deferred outflows and inflows of resources and amortized over various periods. See Note 9 for further details related to these pension deferred outflows and inflows.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Pensions – Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (the CalSTRS Plan), and classified employees are members of the Schools Pool (the CalPERS Plan), collectively referred to as the Plans. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, pension expense, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's portions of the Plans and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Unearned Revenues – Unearned revenues include amounts received for tuition and fees prior to the end of the fiscal year, but related to the subsequent accounting period. Unearned revenues also include amounts received from grants, contracts, and certain categorical programs that have not yet been earned.

Compensated Absences – Employee vacation pay is accrued at year-end for financial statement purposes based on vacation time accrued and current pay rates. The liability and expense incurred are recorded at year end as accrued vacation payable in the balance sheet and as a component of employee benefits. It is the District's policy to record sick leave in the period taken, since the employee's right to sick leave payment does not vest upon termination.

Noncurrent Liabilities – Non-current liabilities include estimated amounts for accrued postemployment benefits, net pension liabilities, and bond repayments and related interest that will not be paid within the next fiscal year.

Net Position – The District's net position is classified as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets This represents the District's total investment in capital assets, net
 of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred
 but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net
 investment in capital assets.
- Restricted net position expendable Restricted expendable net position includes resources that the District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.
- Unrestricted net position (deficit) Unrestricted net position (deficit) represents resources derived from student tuition and fees, state apportionments, and sales and services of educational departments and auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the District, and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any purpose. Unrestricted net position includes amounts internally designated for District obligations.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Classification of Revenues – The District has classified its revenues as either operating or non-operating revenues according to the following criteria:

- Operating revenues: Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances; (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises; (3) most Federal, State, and local grants and contracts and Federal appropriations.
- Non-operating revenues: Non-operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of non-exchange transactions, such as gifts and contributions, and other revenue sources that are defined as non-operating revenues by GASB No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting" and GASB No. 34, such as State appropriations and investment income.

Scholarship Discounts and Allowances and Financial Aid – Student tuition and fee revenues are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. The District offers Board of Governor's (BOG) grants to qualified students and these tuition waivers are reported as scholarship discounts and allowances. Grants, such as Federal, State, or non-governmental programs, are recorded as operating or non-operating revenues in the District's financial statements.

Property Taxes – Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, and are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Sonoma bills and collects the taxes for the District. Tax revenues are recognized by the District when received.

Future Accounting Pronouncements – In June of 2015, the GASB issued GASB Statement 75 (GASB 75), *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, with required implementation for the District during the year ended June 30, 2018. The primary objective of GASB 75 is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) by establishing standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures. It will require employers to report a net OPEB liability for the difference between the present value of projected pension benefits for past service and restricted resources held in trust for the payment of benefits. The Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. GASB 75 is required to be implemented retroactively and will require a restatement of beginning net position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The District's cash, cash equivalents, and investments as of June 30, 2016 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Balance Sheet of the Primary Institution:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 37,885,984
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents – Current	8,645,514
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents – Noncurrent	18,777,150
Restricted Investments	2,970,000
Cash with Trustee	694,728
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	650,149
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments	\$ 69,623,525

The District's cash, cash equivalents, and investments as of June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

Cash and Cash Equivalents in Sonoma County Treasury		60,934,108
Deposits with Financial Institutions		4,913,283
Cash on Hand		105,944
Cash Equivalents and Investments with Fiscal Agent:		
Money Market Mutual Fund		5,462
Cash Held by Trustee		694,728
U.S. Municipal Securities	_	2,970,000
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments	\$	69,623,525

Cash in County Treasury

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the Sonoma County Treasury (the Treasury). The Treasury pools these funds with those of other districts in the county and invests the cash. The share of each fund in the pooled cash account is separately accounted for and interest earned is apportioned quarterly to funds that are legally required to receive interest based on the relationship of a fund's daily balance to the total of pooled cash and investments.

Participants' equity in the investment pool is determined by the dollar amount of the participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed income. This method differs from the fair value method used to value investments in these financial statements in that unrealized gains or losses are not distributed to pool participants.

The Treasury is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 53648 et seq. and is restricted by Government Code Section 53635, pursuant to Section 53601. The funds maintained by the Treasury are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Investments Authorized by the District's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types authorized for the entity by the California Government Code Section 53601. This table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds or Notes	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
State Obligations – CA and Others	5 years	None	None
CA Local Agency Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Obligations	5 years	None	None
Bankers' Acceptance	180 days	40%	None
Commercial Paper (pooled and non-pooled)	270 days	25% or 40%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits	5 years	30%	10%
Non-negotiable Certificates of Deposits	5 years	None	None
Deposit Placement Services	5 years	30%	10%
CD Placement Services	5 years	30%	10%
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20%	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds & Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Collateralized Bank Deposits	5 years	None	None
Mortgage Pass-through Securities	5 years	20%	None
Joint Powers Authority Pool	N/A	None	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Voluntary Investment Program Fund	N/A	None	None
Supranational Obligations	5 years	30%	None

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The District's cash, cash equivalents, and investments with fiscal agent in the amount of \$3,025,107 represents unspent proceeds of the General Obligation Bond, Series D at June 30, 2016, which are restricted for specific purposes under terms of the bonds offering.

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair values to changes in market interest rates. As of June 30, 2016, the weighted average maturity of the investments contained in the District's Treasury's investment pool is approximately 828 days. As of June 30, 2016, the District had the following investments held by trustees:

		Remainin	Remaining Maturity (in Years)			
	Total Market	Less than	1 to 5	5 to 10		
Investment Type	Value	1 Year	Years	Years		
U.S. Municipal Securities	\$ 2,970,000	\$ 2,970,000	\$	\$		

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County Treasury investment pool does not have a rating provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

				Rating as of Year End (Standard and Poor's)				
Investment Type	Total Market Value	I	xempt From closure		AAA	AA +	AA	
U.S. Municipal Securities Money Market	\$ 2,970,000 5,462	\$	5,462	\$	2,970,000			
	\$ 2,975,462	\$	5,462	\$	2,970,000	\$	\$	

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. The following investments represent 5% or more of the total investments balance as of June 30, 2016:

	To	tal Market
Investment		Value
Municipal variable rate demand obligations:		
California Health Facilities Financing Authority VRDO, 0.060% due 10/1/31	\$	2,970,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Cash on Hand, in Banks, and in Revolving Fund

As of June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the District's bank balance was \$3,797,334. Of the bank balance, \$279,040 was insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Cash on hand of \$105,944 is not insured. District deposits held with financial institutions in excess of FDIC limits were \$3,518,294. Of the total bank balance, \$3,417,136 is held by the primary institution and \$380,198 is held by fiduciary funds.

Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The District's restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments are \$30,392,664 at June 30, 2016. Included in this restricted balance is \$3,025,607 for the 2008 Series D General Obligation Bond unspent proceeds and \$27,367,557 for the assessments collected by the County Treasurer's Office on behalf of the District for the repayment of the District's general obligation bonds.

Derivative Investments

The District did not directly enter into any derivative investments. Information regarding the amount invested in derivatives by the County Treasury was not available.

Fair Value Measurement

GASB 72 requires the District to use valuation techniques which are appropriate under the circumstances and are either a market approach, a cost approach or an income approach. Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value consisting of three levels. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1, which are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs.

The County Treasury Pooled Investment Fund and Money Market Mutual Fund are subject to fair value measurement; however, they are not subject to the fair value hierarchy. U.S. Municipal securities are classified as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy because they are valued using quoted market prices.

4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2016:

Federal Grants and Contracts	\$ 1,083,396
State Grants and Contracts	451,047
Local Grants and Contracts	231,613
State Apportionment – Non-Capital	4,266,707
Auxiliaries	45,042
Tuition and Fees	1,674,798
Other	708,075
Totals	\$ 8,460,678

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

5. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2015	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2016
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 13,034,920	\$ 50,053		\$ 13,084,973
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	13,034,920	50,053		13,084,973
Capital Assets, Depreciated:				
Buildings	374,119,901	3,619,304		377,739,205
Improvement of Sites	12,375,423	1,553,752		13,929,175
Vehicles	3,369,241	139,444	\$ (54,073)	3,454,612
Machinery and Equipment	13,384,437	2,686,294	(175,077)	15,895,654
Total Capital Assets, Depreciated	403,249,002	7,998,794	(229,150)	411,018,646
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	(79,114,686)	(8,397,148)		(87,511,834)
Improvement of Sites	(9,128,316)	(273,204)		(9,401,520)
Vehicles	(2,083,961)	(230,807)	54,073	(2,260,695)
Machinery and Equipment	(9,829,298)	(689,467)	163,543	(10,355,222)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(100,156,261)	(9,590,626)	217,616	(109,529,271)
Total Capital Assets, Depreciated, Net	303,092,741	(1,591,832)	(11,534)	301,489,375
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 316,127,661	\$ (1,541,779)	\$ (11,534)	\$ 314,574,348

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

General Obligation Refunding Bonds

In May 2013, the District issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, in the amount of \$133,215,000, with interest rates ranging from 2.00% - 5.00%. The debt was issued to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for future debt service payments of \$137,302,500 of General Obligation Bonds, Series B, and \$93,758,875 of General Obligation Bonds, Series C. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be partially defeased as a legal defeasance and a prorated portion of the liability has been removed from the balance sheet. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt resulting in a deferred charge on refunding. The deferred charge on refunding at June 30, 2016 of \$14,195,505 is being amortized over the remaining life of the new debt.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds mature as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal Interest		Total	
2017	\$ 695,000	\$ 6,085,475	\$ 6,780,475	
2018	280,000	6,070,850	6,350,850	
2019	7,455,000	5,929,600	13,384,600	
2020	8,025,000	5,607,300	13,632,300	
2021	8,845,000	5,255,150	14,100,150	
2022-2026	51,135,000	19,262,875	70,397,875	
2027-2030	51,830,000	5,479,250	57,309,250	
Subtotal	128,265,000	53,690,500	181,955,500	
Plus: Unamortized Premium	22,648,706		22,648,706	
Totals	\$ 150,913,706	\$ 53,690,500	\$ 204,604,206	

General Obligation Bonds

In September 2005, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series B, in the amount of \$105,000,000, with an interest rate of 5.00%. As described above, these bonds were partially refunded in May 2013, and the refunded portion of the liability has been removed from the balance sheet.

The remaining General Obligation Bonds, Series B mature as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2017			\$	1,175,500	\$	1,175,500
2018				1,175,500		1,175,500
2019				1,175,500		1,175,500
2020				1,175,500		1,175,500
2021				1,175,500		1,175,500
2022-2026	\$	7,085,000		5,527,625		12,612,625
2027-2030		16,425,000		1,692,875		18,117,875
Subtotal		23,510,000		13,098,000		36,608,000
Plus: Unamortized Premium		959,352	_			959,352
Totals	\$	24,469,352	\$	13,098,000	\$	37,567,352

In September 2007, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series C, in the amount of \$69,710,000, with interest rates of 4.00% and 5.00%. As described above, these bonds were partially refunded in May 2013, and the refunded portion of the liability has been removed from the balance sheet.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The remaining General Obligation Bonds, Series C mature as follows:

Year EndingJune 30,]	Principal]	Interest	Total
2017 2018	\$	3,615,000	\$	144,600 72,300	\$ 144,600 3,687,300
Subtotal Plus: Unamortized Premium		3,615,000 60,284		216,900	 3,831,900 60,284
Totals	\$	3,675,284	\$	216,900	\$ 3,892,184

In April 2008, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series D, in the amount of \$16,990,000, with interest rates of 4.00% and 5.00%.

The General Obligation Bonds, Series D mature as follows:

Year Ending June 30,]	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2017 2018	\$	5,585,000 2,970,000	\$ 288,125 74,250	\$ 5,873,125 3,044,250
Subtotal Plus: Unamortized Premium		8,555,000 357,762	362,375	8,917,375 357,762
Totals	\$	8,912,762	\$ 362,375	\$ 9,275,137

Revenue Bonds

The District's revenue bond indebtedness at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

	 mount of Original Issue	itstanding ly 1, 2015	Ū	urrent Year yments	Current Year Additions	itstanding ne 30, 2016
Lease Revenue						
Bonds, 1998 Series A						
 Payable in annual 						
installments ranging						
from \$75,000 to						
\$210,000, plus						
interest at rates						
ranging from 3.6% to						
4.625%, final						
maturity in 2023.	\$ 3,215,000	\$ 1,575,000	\$	145,000	\$	\$ 1,430,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Future payments relating to revenue bonds payable were as follows at June 30, 2016:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>P</u>	rincipal	<u> </u>	nterest	Total
2017	\$	150,000	\$	62,669	\$ 212,669
2018		160,000		55,500	215,500
2019		165,000		47,984	212,984
2020		175,000		40,122	215,122
2021		180,000		31,913	211,913
2022-2024		600,000		42,550	 642,550
Totals	\$	1,430,000	\$	280,738	\$ 1,710,738

Changes In Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	 Additions	<u>I</u>	Deductions	Ending Balance	ue Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 195,654,039		\$	7,682,936	\$ 187,971,103	\$ 6,280,000
Revenue Bonds	1,575,000			145,000	1,430,000	150,000
Other Postemployment						
Benefits (Note 10)	5,172,367	\$ 2,107,204		1,673,778	5,605,793	
Net Pension Liability						
(Note 9)	81,066,328	26,437,778		6,947,294	100,556,812	
Compensated Absences	2,933,920	3,045,845		2,933,920	3,045,845	3,045,845
Total	\$ 286,401,654	\$ 31,590,827	\$	19,382,928	\$ 298,609,553	\$ 9,475,845

7. SELF INSURANCE AND JOINT VENTURES (Joint Powers Agreements)

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and students; natural disasters; and providing dental benefits to employees. The District is partially self-insured for its general liability and property coverage, and is 100% self-insured for dental benefit coverage. The District has chosen to establish a risk financing internal service fund where assets are set aside for claim settlements associated with the above risks of loss up to certain limits.

The District participates in three joint ventures under joint powers agreements (JPAs), the Statewide Association of Community Colleges (SWACC), Schools Association for Excess Risk (SAFER), and the Protected Insurance Program for Schools (PIPS). The relationship between the District and each JPA is such that no JPA is a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Each JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member organization. The boards control the operations of the JPAs, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets independent of any influence by the members beyond their representation on the governing boards. SWACC provides property and liability insurance for its members. PIPS arranges for and provides workers' compensation insurance for its members. SAFER provides services for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of a self-funded excess property and liability fund for California schools and community college districts. The members of each JPA pay premiums commensurate with the level of coverage requested, and they share surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the JPAs.

The JPAs are independently accountable for their fiscal matters. The insurance groups maintain their own accounting records. Budgets are not subject to any approval other than that of the JPAs' governing boards. Complete separate financial statements for the JPAs may be obtained from:

JPA	Address
SWACC	180 Grand Avenue, Suite 1380; Oakland, CA 94612
PIPS	2355 Crenshaw Blvd., Suite 200; Torrance, CA 90501
SAFER	2355 Crenshaw Blvd., Suite 200; Torrance, CA 90501

Self-insurance and other limits are as follows:

	Self-			
Type of Coverage	Insurance	SWACC	SAFER	PIPS
General Liability	Up to \$50,000	\$50,000 - \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 - \$45,000,000	N/A
Property	Up to \$10,000	\$10,000 - \$250,000	\$250,000 - \$250,000,000	N/A
Workers' Compensation	N/A	N/A	N/A	To Statutory Limits
Dental Benefits	100% Self- Insured	N/A	N/A	N/A

All property is insured at full replacement value. For the past three years, there have been no significant reductions in any of the District's insurance coverage types and no settlement amounts have exceeded commercial or authority insurance coverage.

Annual premiums are charged by each JPA using various allocation methods that include actual costs, trends in claims experience, and number of participants.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Condensed financial information reported by each JPA for the years indicated are as follows (not covered by independent auditor's report):

	SWACC	SAFER	PIPS
	Property /	Property /	Workers'
	Liability	Liability	compensation
	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2015
Total Assets	\$ 53,936,821	\$ 9,564,714	\$ 109,911,317
Total Liabilities	\$ 23,420,128	\$ 8,036,799	\$ 99,473,185
Net Position	30,516,693	1,527,915	10,438,132
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 53,936,821	\$ 9,564,714	\$ 109,911,317
Total Revenues	\$ 18,584,083	\$ 50,762,271	\$ 236,947,407
Total Expenses	18,576,432	49,759,564	238,580,162
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 7,651	\$ 1,002,707	\$ (1,632,755)

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

State and Federal Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursement would not be material.

Litigation

The District is a defendant in various lawsuits. However, based on consultation with legal counsel, management believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the District's financial position or results of operations.

Sick Leave

Employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave; however, they are entitled to service credit for the calculation of their retirement benefits. The District tracks the sick leave balance for each employee and reports it to PERS or STRS at retirement to determine the service credit.

Construction Commitments

The District has construction commitments of approximately \$2,187,000 at June 30, 2016. General Obligation Bonds have been approved for such construction commitments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

9. PENSION PLANS

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District participates in the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (the CalSTRS Plan), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. CalSTRS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. CalSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for this plan. This report is available online at www.calstrs.com.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the CalSTRS Plan are established by contract, in accordance with the provisions of the State Teachers' Retirement Law. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and a benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) made significant changes to the benefit structure that primarily affect members first hired to perform CalSTRS creditable activities on or after January 1, 2013. As a result of PEPRA, the CalSTRS Plan has two benefit structures: 1) CalSTRS 2% at 60 – Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform CalSTRS creditable activities, and 2) CalSTRS 2% at 62 – Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform CalSTRS creditable activities. The 2 percent, also known as the age factor, refers to the percentage of final compensation received as a retirement benefit for each year of service credit. To be eligible for service retirement, members hired prior to January 1, 2013, must be at least age 60 with a minimum of five years of CalSTRS-credited service, while members hired after January 1, 2013, must be at least age 62 with five years of service.

Contributions

Assembly Bill 1469 (AB 1469), signed into law as a part of the State of California's (the State) 2014-15 budget, increases contributions to the CalSTRS Plan from members, employers, and the State over the next seven years, effective July 1, 2014. School employer contributions will increase from 8.25% to a total of 19.1% of covered payroll over the seven-year period. The District's required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016, was 10.73% of annual pay. District contributions to the CalSTRS Plan were \$4,208,991 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

The State contributes a percentage of the annual earnings of all members of the CalSTRS Plan. AB 1469 increases the State's contribution attributable to the benefits in effect in 1990, but does not change the base rate of 2.017%. In accordance with AB 1469, the portion of the state appropriation under Education Code Sections 22955(b) that is in addition to the base rate has been replaced by section 22955.1(b) in order to fully fund the benefits in effect as of 1990 by 2046. The additional state contribution will increases from 1.437% in 2014-15 to 4.311% in 2016-17. The increased contributions end as of fiscal year 2046-47. The State contribution rate for the period ended June 30, 2016, was 7.125890% of the District's 2013-14 creditable CalSTRS compensation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the CalSTRS Plan was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to the measurement date of June 30, 2015. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.60%
Consumer Price Inflation	3.00%
Wage Growth	3.75%
Investment Rate of Return (1)	7.60%
Mortality ⁽²⁾	CalSTRS' Membership Data
Post-Retirement Benefit Increase	2% simple

(1) Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the CalSTRS Plan's total pension liability was 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.60%) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the CalSTRS Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS' general investment consultant as an input to the process. Based on the model from CalSTRS consulting actuary's investment practice, a best estimate range was determined by assuming the portfolio is re-balanced annually and that annual returns are lognormally distributed and independent from year to year to develop expected percentiles for the long-term distribution of annualized returns. The assumed asset allocation by CalSTRS' general investment consultant is based on CalSTRS' board policy for target asset allocation in effect on February 2, 2012, the date the current experience study was approved by the CalSTRS board.

⁽²⁾ CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on RP2000 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience. RP2000 series tables are an industry standard set of mortality rates published by the Society of Actuaries. See CalSTRS July 1, 2006 – June 30, 2010 Experience Analysis for more information.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Best estimates of 10-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term * Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	47.00%	4.50%
Private Equity	12.00%	6.20%
Real Estate	15.00%	4.35%
Inflation Sensitive	5.00%	3.20%
Fixed Income	20.00%	0.20%
Cash / Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%
Total	100.00%	

^{*10-}year geometric average

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District participates in the Schools Pool (the CalPERS Plan), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for this plan. This report is available online at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the CalPERS Plan are established by contract, in accordance with the provisions of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL). The benefits are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. PEPRA made significant changes to the benefit structure that primarily affect members first hired to perform CalPERS creditable activities on or after January 1, 2013. As a result of PEPRA, the CalPERS Plan has two benefit structures: 1) CalPERS 2% at 55 – Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform CalPERS creditable activities, and 2) CalPERS 2% at 62 – Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform CalPERS creditable activities. To be eligible for service retirement, members hired prior to January 1, 2013, must be at least age 50 with a minimum of five years of CalPERS-credited service, while members hired on or after January 1, 2013, must be at least age 52 with a minimum of five years of service.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the PERL requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Contribution rates for the CalPERS Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The CalPERS Plan's actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District's required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016, was 11.847% of annual pay. District contributions to the CalPERS Plan were \$3,965,995 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Actuarial Assumptions

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2015 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2014 total pension liability. The June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015 total pension liability amounts were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.65%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases ⁽¹⁾	Varies
Investment Rate of Return ⁽²⁾	7.65%
Mortality ⁽³⁾	CalPERS' Membership Data
Post-Retirement Benefit Increase ⁽⁴⁾	Up to 2.75%

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses; includes inflation
- (3) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, refer to the April 2014 experience study report.
- (4) Contract COLA up to 2.00% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.75% thereafter

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates.

Change in Assumption

GASB 68, states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate was changed from 7.5% (net of administrative expense in 2014) to 7.65% as of the June 30, 2015 measurement date to correct the adjustment which previously reduced the discount for administrative expense.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.650% for the CalPERS Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the CalPERS Plan. The results of the crossover testing for the CalPERS Plan are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS' website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10 ^(a)	Real Return Years 11+ ^(b)
Global Equity	51.00%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Debt Securities	19.00%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.00%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.00%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.00%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100.00%		

⁽a) An expected inflation of 2.5% was used for this period.

⁽b) An expected inflation of 3.0% was used for this period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

As of June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for the State's pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	
CalSTRS Plan	\$ 59,918,360
CalPERS Plan	40,638,452
State's proportionate share of CalSTRS net pension	
liability associated with the District	 31,811,375
Total	\$ 132,368,187

The District's net pension liability is measured as the proportionate share of each Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liabilities of the Plans are measured as of June 30, 2015, and calculated by reducing the total pension liability of each Plan by the respective Plan's fiduciary net position. The District's proportion of each Plan's net pension liability was based on the ratio of the District's actual employer contributions in the measurement period to the total actual employer and State contributions received by the respective Plan in the measurement period. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2015, was 0.089% and 0.2757% for the CalSTRS and CalPERS Plans, respectively, which were increases of 0.003% and 0.0043% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014 for CalSTRS and CalPERS Plans, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$13,551,496 and revenue of \$4,984,901 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,322,547	\$	(1,001,250)	
Changes in assumptions				(2,496,939)	
Changes in proportion		2,360,404			
Net differences between projected and actual investment					
earnings of pension plan investments				(6,275,815)	
District contributions subsequent to measurement date		8,174,986			
Total	\$	12,857,937	\$	(9,774,004)	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The \$8,174,986 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2017	\$ (2,788,232)
2018	(2,788,232)
2019	(2,799,048)
2020	2,994,053
2021	145,304
Thereafter	145,103

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plans as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Disco	ount Rate –1% (6.60%)	D :	Current iscount Rate (7.60%)	Discount Rate +1% (8.60%)		
District's proportionate share of the CalSTRS Plan's net pension liability	\$	90,472,060	\$	59,918,360	\$	34,525,770	
	Disco	ount Rate –1% (6.65%)	D	Current iscount Rate (7.65%)	Disco	ount Rate +1% (8.65%)	
District's proportionate share of the CalPERS Plan's net pension liability	\$	66,142,466	\$	40,638,452	\$	19,430,160	

Defined Contribution Plans

Two defined contribution retirement plans are offered to part-time employees. First, in addition to the CalSTRS plan previously described, effective January 1, 1998, the District offered its part-time employees participation in the Cash Balance Benefit Program (the Cash Balance Plan) for employees of California's public schools, sponsored by CalSTRS. Eligibility is determined by CalSTRS and retirement benefits are based on an amount equal to the balance of the participant's account, including interest earned on contributions, payable as either a lump-sum distribution or an annuity for balances over \$3,500. Participants have an immediate vested right to their benefits and no annual maintenance fees are allocated to the Cash Balance Plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The Cash Balance Plan requires contributions from the eligible members and from the District. Currently, the faculty members' and the District's required contributions are each 4% of gross salary. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, employees and the District each contributed \$352,378 to the Cash Balance Plan.

The second defined contribution plan is a 403(b) plan administered by Fidelity Investments. The IRS recognizes a 403(b) investment plan as a qualified pension plan that employers may offer in lieu of Social Security to employees not covered by CalSTRS or CalPERS. This alternative retirement system has been in effect since January 1, 1992, and is an employee-directed defined contribution plan. Currently, both the members and the District contribute 3.75% of gross salary. Participants contributing to the 403(b) plan have an immediate vested right to their benefits. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, employees and the District each contributed \$123,095 to the 403(b) plan.

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Under the terms of certain District employee agreements and Board adopted policies, the District maintains a single-employer plan to provide \$84-\$136.50 per month for specified group health insurance for the life of eligible retiring employees and their surviving spouses. Benefit provisions and obligations to contribute for non-management employees are established and may be amended through employee union negotiations. Benefit provisions and obligations to contribute for management employees are established and may be amended by the District's Board of Trustees. At June 30, 2016, there were 526 retirees receiving health care benefits. The retiree must be age 55 or greater at retirement with at least 15 years of service.

As of June 30, 2016, the District had not established an irrevocable trust or designated a trustee for the payment of plan benefits. As such, there is no separately issued report of the plan.

The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. During the year ended June 30, 2016, expenditures of \$2,107,204 were recognized for the OPEB expense. The 2015-16 contributions consist of \$1,514,471 of postemployment benefits for current retirees on a pay-as-you-go basis, and the implicit subsidy of \$159,307.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimations are made about the future. Projections of benefits are based on the types of benefits provided under the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point, and, if applicable, the disclosure that the projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

perspective of the calculation. The schedule of funding progress included in the required supplementary information presents information regarding whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

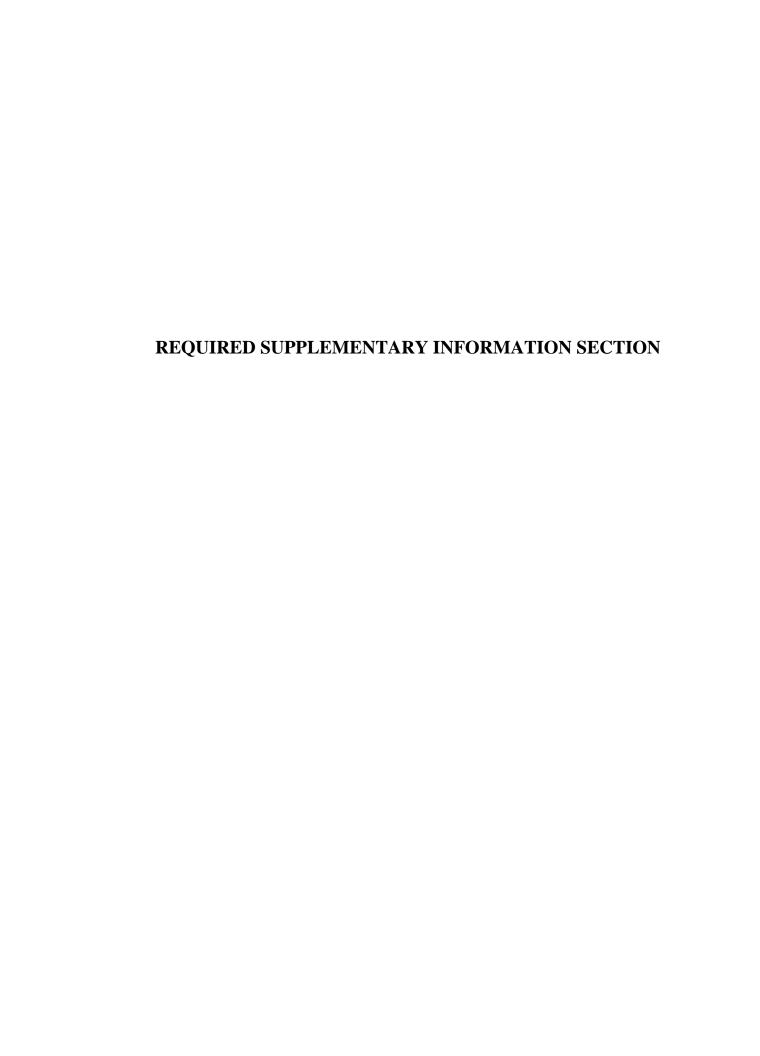
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method	30 year level dollar, open period
Remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016	22
Interest rate assumption	4% Single Weighted Average
Health inflation assumption	4-8%
Projected payroll increase	0%
Annual required contribution	\$ 2,190,750
Interest on net OPEB obligation	187,426
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(270,972)
Annual OPEB expense	2,107,204
Contributions made:	
Pay-as-you-go	(1,514,471)
Implicit subsidy	(159,307)
Annual OPEB contributions	(1,673,778)
Increase in OPEB obligation	433,426
Net OPEB obligation at July 1, 2015	5,172,367
Net OPEB obligation at June 30, 2016	\$ 5,605,793

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net obligation for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 is as follows:

Fiscal year ended	Annual OPEB expense	% of annual OPEB expense contributed	Net OPEB obligation
6/30/14	\$ 2,027,113	87.96%	\$ 4,685,658
6/30/15	\$ 2,107,204	76.90%	\$ 5,172,367
6/30/16	\$ 2,107,204	79.43%	\$ 5,605,793

The District's funding status for other postemployment benefits as of the most recent valuation date, July 1, 2014, is as follows:

	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a Percentage
Actuarial Valuation	Value of Assets	Liability (AAL)	AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	of Covered Payroll
Date	<u>(a)</u>	<u>(b)</u>	$(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a})$	(a / b)	<u>(c)</u>	([b-a]/c)
7/1/14	\$ 0	\$ 21,011,494	\$ 21,011,494	0%	\$ 57,426,560	37%



SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b – a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ([b - a] / c)
7/1/10	\$ 0	\$ 18,095,59	3 \$ 18,095,593	0%	\$ 53,387,655	34%
7/1/12	\$ 0	\$ 20,278,03	\$1 \$ 20,278,031	0%	\$ 51,735,223	39%
7/1/14	\$ 0	\$ 21,011,49	4 \$ 21,011,494	0%	\$ 57,426,560	37%

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AS OF JUNE 30, 2016 LAST 10 YEARS*

CalSTRS Plan

	 Measurement Date		
	 2015		2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.089%		0.086%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 59,918,360	\$	50,255,820
associated with the District	 31,811,375	_	30,231,043
Total	\$ 91,729,735	\$	80,486,863
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 37,976,024	\$	35,051,949
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	158%		143%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74%		77%

Notes to Schedule:

Change of benefit terms – There were no changes to the benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions – There were no changes in assumptions.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AS OF JUNE 30, 2016 LAST 10 YEARS*

CalPERS Plan

	_	Measurement Date		
		2015	_	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.2757%		0.2714%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	40,638,452	\$	30,810,508
District's covered employee payroll	\$	30,965,438	\$	29,799,775
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		131%		103%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		79%		83%

Notes to Schedule:

Change of benefit terms – There were no changes to the benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions – The discount rate changed from 7.50% (net of administrative expenses in 2014) to 7.65% as of the June 30, 2015 measurement date to correct adjustment which previously reduced the discount rate for administrative expenses. There were no changes in assumptions during the measurement period ended June 30, 2014.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, 2016 LAST 10 YEARS*

CalSTRS Plan

	Fiscal			Year		
		2016		2015		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$	4,208,991 (4,208,991)	\$	3,354,769 (3,354,769)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	0	\$	0		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	39,288,231	\$	37,976,024		
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		10.70%		8.83%		

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, 2016 LAST 10 YEARS*

CalPERS Plan

	Fiscal Year			ar
		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$	3,965,995 (3,965,995)	\$	3,592,525 (3,592,525)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	0	\$	0
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	33,475,412	\$	30,965,438
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.85%		11.60%

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Identifying	Program
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
Trogram of Chaster Trace			Experiences
U.S. Department of Education:			
Student Financial Assistance Programs Cluster:			
Pell Grant Program	84.063	N/A	\$ 13,131,066
Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program	84.007	N/A	155,060
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033	N/A	296,047
Direct Student Loan Program	84.268	N/A	1,926,919
Subtotal Student Financial Assistance Programs Cluster			15,509,092
Hispanic Serving Institute - SRJC Meta4	84.031S	P031S140184-15	643,253
TRIO Student Support Services	84.042A	N/A	137,627
Passed Through California Community Colleges Chancellor's			
Office (CCCCO):			
Title II-C	84.048	04-C01-061	549,998
CTE Transitions	84.048	04-139-069	45,119
Subtotal Career and Technical Education			595,117
Passed Through California Department of Education:			
Adult Education (English Literacy/Civics			
Education Grant)	84.002A	14109	82,797
Adult Education (English As a Second Language)	84.002A	14508	356,371
Subtotal Adult Education			439,168
Passed Through Office of Migrant Education:			
High School Equivalency Program	84.141A	N/A	472,054
Passed Through California Department of Rehabilitation:			
College to Career	84.126A	28109	250,000
Total U.S. Department of Education			18,046,311
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Passed Through CCCCO:			
Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	N/A	70,224
Passed Through County of Sonoma:			
Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (SonomaWorks)	93.558	17-0405-1SW	226,089
Subtotal TANF State Programs	73.330	17-0-03-15 **	296,313
Subtour Trivi State Programs			270,313
Medical Administrative Activities	93.778	04-35070	125,401
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			421,714

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Identifying Number	Program Expenditures
U.S. National Science Foundation:			
Passed Through City College of San Francisco: Improving Pathways in Sustainable Agriculture Education	47.076	DUE-1304588	64,083
National Endowment for the Humanities:			
Passed Through the American Library Association			
Promotion of the Humanities Public Programs	45.164	N/A	3,000
U.S. Department of Agriculture:			
Passed Through California Department of Education:			
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	1800-1A	50,350
Department of State, Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs:			
Passed Through the International Research & Exchanges Board			
Community College Initiatives Board	19.009	06-43-B10541	288,886
U.S. Corporation of National and Community Service:			
National Service Trust Grant	94.006	N/A	159,168
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 19,033,512

SCHEDULE OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Entitlements		Program	Revenues		
	G 4	Unearned		T 7		
	Current	Revenue and	Accounts	Unearned/		Program
Program Title	<u>Year</u>	Cash Received	Receivable	Payables	Total	Expenditures
21st Century Skills	\$ 30,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 10,130	\$ 19,870	\$ 19,870
Adult Ed AB 86	1,589,949	1,739,480		444,447	1,295,033	1,295,033
Apprenticeship	230,000	230,000			230,000	230,000
Basic Skills 14/15		139,291			139,291	139,291
Basic Skills 15/16	115,828	115,828		89,403	26,425	26,425
Block Grant 00/01		709,225		709,225		
Cal Grants	1,067,777	992,998	74,779		1,067,777	1,067,777
CalWorks	428,551	428,551		7,976	420,575	420,575
CalWorks Regional	10,000	10,000		117	9,883	9,883
Child Development	523,355	492,148	25,355		517,503	517,503
Child Development Consortium	15,000	2,713	1,125		3,838	3,838
Cooperative Agency Resource						
Education	76,513	76,513			76,513	76,513
CTE Enhancement	405,337	307,274	98,063		405,337	405,337
CTE Food/Beverage	248,073	221,873			221,873	221,873
Disabled Student Program &						
Services	3,185,315	3,185,315			3,185,315	3,185,315
Enrollment Growth	331,937	305,382	26,555		331,937	331,937
EOPS Grants	55,517	54,717	800		55,517	55,517
ESL /Basic Skills	62,500	31,250	31,250		62,500	62,500
Extended Opportunity Program	,	,				
and Services	989,221	989,221		197,085	792,136	792,136
Faculty and Staff Diversity	8,488	8,488			8,488	8,488
Financial Aid Administration	791,090	791,090			791,090	791,090
Foster Parent Training Program	152,865	74,558	78,307		152,865	152,865
Full Time Student Success Grants	284,700	335,330	,	50,630	284,700	284,700
Health Workforce Initiative	,	6,215		6,131	84	84
Instruction Equipment 15/16	1,209,065	1,209,065		83,163	1,125,902	1,125,902
Instructional Equip 07/08	,,	47,032		47,032	, -,	, ,
MESA	50,500	47,896	20,200	ŕ	68.096	68,096
MESA Schools Pilot Program	,	32,020	, , , ,	31,994	26	26
MHSA-PEI	200,000	132,790	66,457	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	199,247	199,247
Program for Infant/Toddler	,	- ,			,	
Caregivers	29,592	20,720	8,872		29,592	29,592
Prop 39 CEA	553,818	1,079,873	0,072	432,177	647,696	647,696
Prop 39	39,590	34,802		2,021	32,781	32,781
Puente	1,500	1,500		2,021	1,500	1,500
QC Inspection Training	81,950	81,950			81,950	81,950
Scheduled Maintenance	1,209,064	2,673,719		1,418,968	1,254,751	1,254,751
SSSP (Credit)	3,407,719	4,341,800		1,160,847	3,180,953	3,180,953
SSSP (Non-Credit)	383,488	383,488		147,940	235,548	235,548
Student Equity	2,049,873	2,600,693		686,648	1,914,045	1,914,045
Transfer Center and Articulation	2,049,073	2,600,693		447	1,914,043	1,914,043
YESS-ILP	22,500	8,215	14,285	44/	22,500	22,500
1 -00-11-1	22,300	0,213	17,203		22,300	22,300
Total	\$ 19,840,675	\$ 23,968,611	\$ 451,048	\$ 5,526,381	\$ 18,893,278	\$ 18,893,278

SCHEDULE OF WORKLOAD MEASURES FOR STATE GENERAL APPORTIONMENT ANNUAL (ACTUAL) ATTENDANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

STATE GENERAL APPORTIONMENT

<u>Categories</u>	Reported Data*	Audit Adjustments	Revised Data
A. Summer Intersession (Summer 2015 Only) 1. Noncredit 2. Credit	561.20 1,360.43		561.20 1,360.43
B. Summer Intersession (Summer 2016, Prior to July 1, 2016)1. Noncredit2. Credit	0.00 1,146.72		0.00 1,146,72
C. Primary Terms (Exclusive of Summer Intersession) 1. Census Procedure Courses: (a) Weekly Census Contact Hours (b) Daily Census Contact Hours 2. Actual Hours of Attendance Courses: (a) Noncredit (b) Credit 3. Alternative Attendance Accounting Procedure Courses: (a) Weekly Census Procedure Courses (b) Daily Census Procedure Courses (c) Noncredit Independent Study	10,056.05 873.98 2,237.47 1,134.89 1,506.45 391.10 0.00		10,056.05 873.98 2,237.47 1,134.89 1,506.45 391.10 0.00
D. Total Full-Time Equivalent Students	19,268.29		19,268.29
Supplemental Information			
E. In-service Training Courses (FTES)F. Basic Skills Courses and Immigrant Education (FTES) (a) Noncredit	299.04 573.71		299.04 573.71
(b) Credit	750.57		750.57
CCFS 320 Addendum CDCP Noncredit FTES	592.23		592.23
Centers FTES (a) Noncredit (b) Credit	147.35 3,219.89		147.35 3,219.89

^{*}FTES reported in the CCFS 320 submitted by the District on July 15, 2016.

RECONCILIATION OF ECS 84362 (50 PERCENT LAW) CALCULATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Instr	y (ECSA) ECS (ructional Salary 100-5900 & AC	Cost	Activit	y (ECSB) ECS 8 Total CEE AC 0100-6799	4362 B
	Object/TOP	Reported	Audit	Revised	Reported	Audit	Revised
	<u>Codes</u>	<u>Data</u>	Adjustments	<u>Data</u>	<u>Data</u>	Adjustments	<u>Data</u>
ACADEMIC SALARIES							
Instructional Salaries:	1100	Ф. 10 227 022		¢ 10.227.022	¢ 10.227.022		£ 10.227.022
Contract or Regular Other	1100 1300	\$ 19,327,022		\$ 19,327,022	\$ 19,327,022		\$ 19,327,022
	1300	20,751,644		20,751,644	20,751,644		20,751,644
Total Instructional Salaries		40,078,666		40,078,666	40,078,666		40,078,666
Non-Instructional Salaries:							
Contract or Regular	1200				9,899,291		9,899,291
Other	1400				1,275,924		1,275,924
Total Non-Instructional Salaries					11,175,215		11,175,215
Total Academic Salaries		40,078,666		40,078,666	51,253,881		51,253,881
CLASSIFIED SALARIES							
Non-Instructional Salaries:							
Regular Status	2100				19,527,268		19,527,268
Other	2300				2,290,824		2,290,824
Total Non-Instructional Salaries					21,818,092		21,818,092
Instructional Aides:							
Regular Status	2200	2,416,329		2,416,329	2,416,329		2,416,329
Other	2400	965,732		965,732	965,732		965,732
Total Instructional Aides		3,382,061		3,382,061	3,382,061		3,382,061
Total Classified Salaries		3,382,061		3,382,061	25,200,153		25,200,153
Employee Benefits	3000	12,345,320		12,345,320	25,212,318		25,212,318
Supplies and Materials	4000				2,398,477		2,398,477
Other Operating Expenses	5000	1,257,646		1,257,646	10,423,990		10,423,990
Equipment Replacement	6420						
TOTAL EXPENDITURES PRIOR TO EXCLUSIONS	}	57,063,693		57,063,693	114,488,819		114,488,819

RECONCILIATION OF ECS 84362 (50 PERCENT LAW) CALCULATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Inst	ty (ECSA) ECS 8 cructional Salary 0100-5900 & AC	Cost	Activit	y (ECSB) ECS 8 Total CEE AC 0100-6799	4362 B
	Object/TOP Codes	Reported Data	Audit Adjustments	Revised Data	Reported Data	Audit Adjustments	Revised Data
EXCLUSIONS	Codes	Data	Aujustinents	Data	Data	Aujustinents	<u>Data</u>
Activities to Exclude:							
Instructional Staff-Retirees' Benefits and Retirement Incentives	5900						
Student Health Services Above Amount Collected	6441				2.349		2.349
Student Transportation	6491				171,990		171,990
Noninstructional Staff-Retirees' Benefits and Retirement Incentives	6740				171,550		171,550
Objects to Exclude:	0740						
Rents and Leases	5060				194,434		194,434
Lottery Expenditures:	2000				171,131		171,131
Academic Salaries	1000				724,136		724,136
Classified Salaries	2000				1,789,876		1,789,876
Employee Benefits	3000				434,964		434,964
Supplies and Materials:	4000				, , ,		- ,
Software	4100						
Books, Magazines, & Periodicals	4200						
Instructional Supplies & Materials	4300						
Noninstructional Supplies & Materials	4400						
Total Supplies and Materials							
Other Operating Expenses and Services	5000						
Capital Outlay:	6000						
Library Books	6300						
Equipment:	6400						
Equipment - Additional	6410						
Equipment - Replacement	6420						
Total Equipment							
Total Capital Outlay							
Other Outgo	7000						
TOTAL EXCLUSIONS	S				3,317,749		3,317,749
Total for ECS 84362, 50% Law		\$ 57,063,693	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Percent of CEE (Instructional Salary Cost / Total CEE)		51.33%		7,063,693 51.33%	100%	1.1	1,171,070 100%
50% of Current Expense of Education			57	7,063,693	\$ 55,585,535	11	\$ 55,585,535

RECONCILIATION OF EDUCATION PROTECTION ACCOUNT EXPENDITURES TO DISTRICT ACCOUNTING RECORDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Prop 30 EPA Expenditure Report

Activity Classification	Activity Code				Unrestricted
EPA Proceeds:	8630				\$ 14,916,448
Activity Classification	Activity Code	Salaries and Benefits (1000-3000)	Operating Expenses (4000-5000)	Capital Outlay (6000)	Total
Instructional Activities	0100-5900	\$ 7,458,224			\$ 7,458,224
Academic Administration -					
Student Support Services	6010	1,672,443			1,672,443
Library	6120	994,673			994,673
Media	6130	722,789			722,789
Admissions and Records	6200	1,471,084			1,471,084
Counseling and Guidance	6310	271,875			271,875
Matriculation and Student					
Assessment	6320	252,646			252,646
Transfer Programs	6330	69,755			69,755
Career Guidance	6340	52,796			52,796
Extended Opportunity Programs					
and Services (EOPS)	6430	78,366			78,366
Building Maintenance and					
Repairs	6510	1,580,497			1,580,497
Custodial Services	6530	291,300			291,300
Total Expenditures for EPA*		\$14,916,448	\$	\$	14,916,448
Revenues less Expenditures					\$

^{*}Total Expenditures for EPA may not include Administrator Salaries and Benefits or other administrative costs.

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Fund Balance:		
General Fund	\$	11,993,762
Revenue Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		1,401,784
Child Development Fund		-
Farm Operation Fund		429,958
Revenue Bond Project Fund		1,358,089
Other Special Revenue Fund		886,806
Capital Outlay Projects Fund		7,858,175
General Obligation Bond Fund		623,072
Bookstore Fund		896,414
Self-Insurance Fund		1,117,836
Other Internal Service Fund		3,877,046
Student Financial Aid and Trust Fund		-
Scholarship and Loan Trust Fund		-
Other Trust Fund		
Total Audited Fund Balances as reported on the Annual Financial and		
Budget Report (CCFS-311)		30,442,942
Net audit adjustments:		
No adjustments were made to the District's Funds		
Total Fund Balance		30,442,942
Reconciliation to Net Position:		
Fair Market Value Investments		48,499
Restricted Cash and Deposits Held in Escrow		27,676,786
Net OPEB Liability		(5,605,793)
Interest Payable		(3,290,275)
Capital Assets, Net		314,452,891
Deferred Charge on Refunding		14,195,505
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions		12,857,937
Net Pension Liability	((100,556,812)
Bonds Payable	((189,401,103)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions		(9,774,004)
Total Net Position	\$	91,046,573

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1. PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The audit of the District for the year ended June 30, 2016, was conducted in accordance with Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*, which requires disclosure of the financial activities of all federally funded programs, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards was prepared by the District.

- General The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of the District. The District reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the District's basic financial statements.
- Basis of Accounting The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 2 to the District's basic financial statements.
- Indirect Cost Rate The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
- Subrecipients The District did not provide federal awards to subrecipients during the year ended June 30, 2016.

Schedule of State Financial Assistance

The California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office requires disclosure of the financial activities of all state funded programs. To comply with this requirement, the Schedule of State Financial Assistance is presented.

Schedule of Workload Measures for State General Apportionment Annual (Actual) Attendance

Full-time equivalent students (FTES) is a measurement of the number of students attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to community college districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students based on various methods of accumulating attendance data.

Reconciliation of ECS 84362 (50 Percent Law) Calculation

The Reconciliation of ECS 84362 (50 Percent Law) Calculation form shows the annual reported data from the CCFS-311 and any audit adjustments.

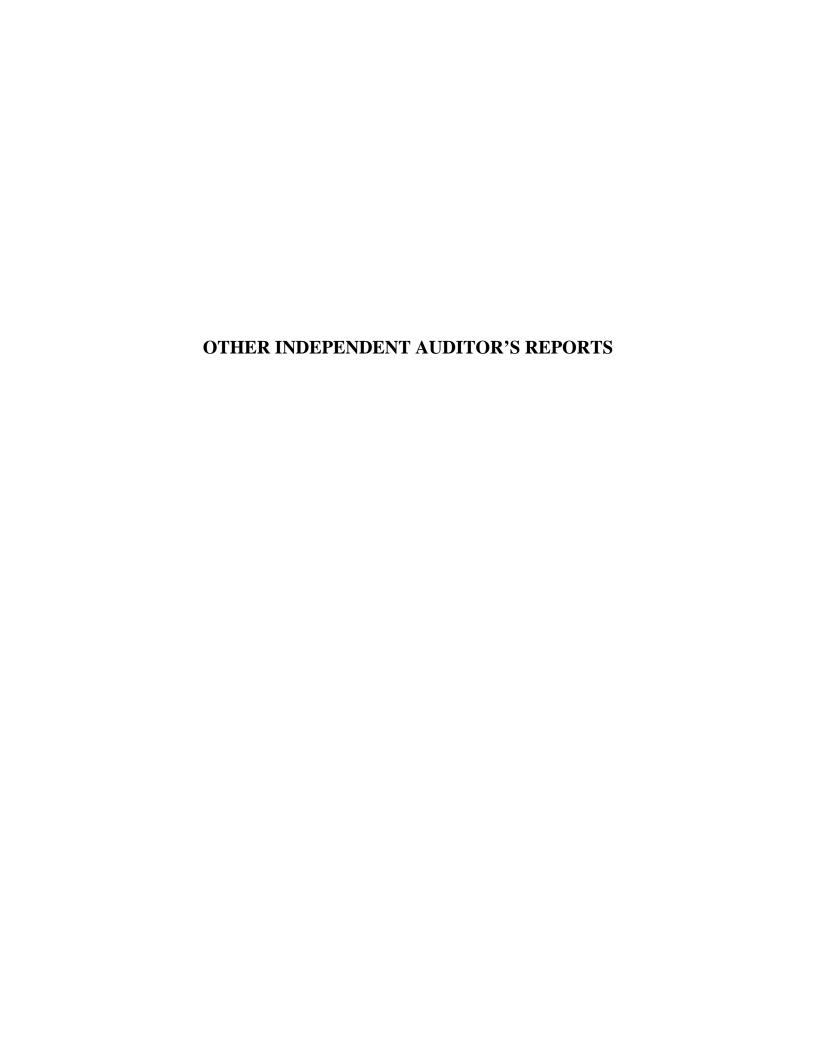
Reconciliation of Education Protection Account Expenditures to District Accounting Records

This reconciliation of Education Protection Account Expenditures shows the annual general apportionment and the expenditures the District applied toward the apportionment.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds to Net Position

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds as reported on the Form CCFS-311 to the audited net position.





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board of Trustees Sonoma County Junior College District Santa Rosa, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sonoma County Junior College District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Members of the Board of Trustees Sonoma County Junior College District Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

GILBERT ASSOCIATES, INC.

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Sacramento, California

November 22, 2016



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board of Trustees Sonoma County Junior College District Santa Rosa, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Sonoma County Junior College District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The District's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Members of the Board of Trustees Sonoma County Junior College District Page 2

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

GILBERT ASSOCIATES, INC.

West associates, bu.

Sacramento, California

November 22, 2016



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONTRACTED DISTRICT AUDIT MANUAL

Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board of Trustees Sonoma County Junior College District Santa Rosa, California

Report on Compliance with Applicable Requirements

We have audited the Sonoma County Junior College District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in Section 400, State Compliance Requirements, of the *Contracted District Audit Manual*, issued by the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office identified in the schedule below for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Management's Responsibilities

Management is responsible for compliance with the state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Section 400, State Compliance Requirements, of the *Contracted District Audit Manual*, issued by the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office. Those standards and the *Contracted District Audit Manual* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary under the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

Members of the Board of Trustees Sonoma County Junior College District Page 2

In connection with the requirements referred to above, we have selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the applicable programs identified below:

- Salaries of Classroom Instructors (50% Law)
- Apportionment for Instructional Service Agreements/Contracts
- State General Apportionment Funding System
- Residency Determination for Credit Courses
- Students Actively Enrolled
- Concurrent Enrollment of K-12 Students in Community College Credit Courses
- Student Success and Support Program (SSSP)
- Scheduled Maintenance Program
- Gann Limit Calculation
- Open Enrollment
- Student Fees Health Fees and Use of Health Fee Funds
- Proposition 39 Clean Energy
- Intersession Extension Program
- Disabled Student Programs and Services (DSPS)
- To Be Arranged Hours (TBA)
- Proposition 1D State Bond Funded Projects

Millert associates, en.

Education Protection Account Funds

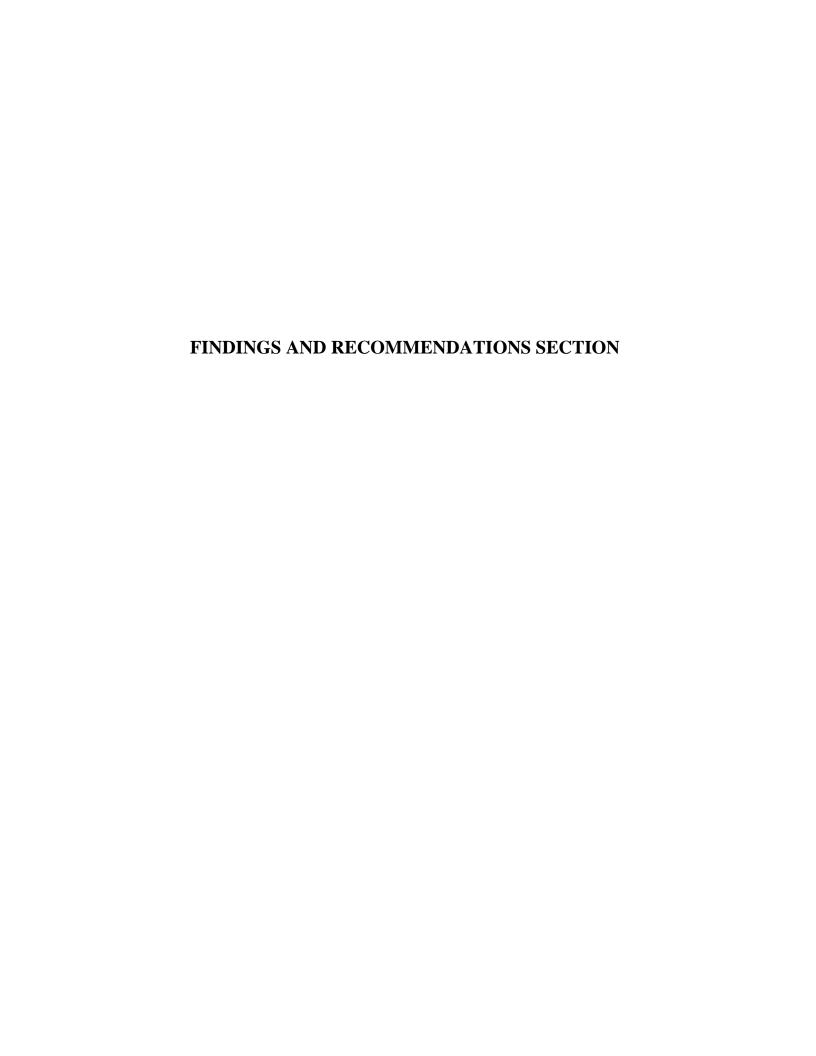
Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The results of our auditing procedures disclosed no instances of noncompliance with those requirements, which are required to be reported in accordance with the *Contracted District Audit Manual*.

GILBERT ASSOCIATES, INC.

Sacramento, California

November 22, 2016



SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements		
Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes Yes	X No X None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	XNo
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes Yes	X No None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2CFR 200.516(a)?	1Yes	XNo
Identification of major programs		
<u>CFDA Numbers</u> 84.063, 84.007, 84.033, 84.268	Name of Federal Pro Student Financial A	ograms or Cluster Assistance Programs Cluste
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	XYes	No
State Awards		
Internal control over state programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes Yes	X No X None Reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be disclose in accordance with Contracted District Audit Manual?	edYes	XNo
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified	

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

There were no financial statement findings reported.

SECTION III – STATE COMPLIANCE

There were no state compliance findings reported.

SECTION IV - FEDERAL COMPLIANCE

There were no federal compliance findings reported.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Recommendation	Current Status	District Explanation If Not Implemented
2015-001 STATE GENERAL APPORTIONMENT FUNDING SYSTEM – ALTERNATIVE ATTENDANCE COURSES	Implemented, during our testing of attendance in	N/A
We recommend that the District change the system coding parameters of its attendance system so that the contact hours that are output for all attendance types are consistent, thus reducing the risk of human error when submitting data for the CCFS 320. Additionally, we recommend the District reconcile FTES from the detailed attendance reports from its attendance system to the CCFS 320 output prior to submittal.	the current year, no errors were identified.	